

Learning Objectives

Chapter 34

In this chapter you will

- Learn what 'economic activity' and 'the economy' mean
- Learn three key facts about short-run fluctuations
- Consider how the economy in the short run differs from the economy in the long run
- See that there are different views about the nature of business cycles
- Use the model of aggregate demand and aggregate supply to explain economic fluctuations
- Examine the causes of shifts in aggregate demand and aggregate supply
- See how shifts in either aggregate demand or aggregate supply can cause changes in economic activity
- Examine why the aggregate supply curve is vertical in the long run and upward sloping in the short run

You should be able to

- Explain the difference between 'the economy' and 'economic activity'
- Outline three key facts about economic fluctuations
- Explain why the term "business cycle" is misleading
- Explain the difference between the short run and the long run
- Explain why money is unlikely to be neutral in the short run
- List three reasons why the aggregate demand curve is downward sloping
- Analyse at least three reasons why the aggregate demand curve can shift
- Explain why the aggregate supply curve is vertical in the long run but upward sloping in the short run
- List at least three reasons why the aggregate supply curve can shift
- Assess the effect of a shift in either the aggregate demand curve or the aggregate supply curve
- Assess the effect of shifts in both the aggregate demand and aggregate supply curve
- Demonstrate the short-run and long-run effects of an oil price shock on the economy